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APPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/705,500	1	11/12/2003	Ya-Lun Cheng	82546	4755	
20529	7590	08/12/2004		EXAMINER		
NATH & AS	SOCIA'	TES		MALSAWMA, LALRINFAMKIM HMAR		
1030 15th STF	REET					
6TH FLOOR				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	M DC	20005	2825			

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				BUS			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/705,500	CHENG ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Lex Malsawma	2825				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	s			
THE - External after of the control	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION consions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depend for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the provision of the	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of this od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commu BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	November 2003.					
•		his action is non-final.					
3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ters, prosecution as to the me	rits is			
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application						
E\ <b>\</b> \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	rawn from consideration.					
'=	Claim(s) <u>20-25</u> is/are allowed.		•				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) <u>1,8,9 and 15-19</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) <u>2-7 and 10-14</u> is/are objected to.	d/ar alastian requirement					
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	a/or election requirement.					
·· _	ion Papers						
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠	$\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 November 2003</u> is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-1	52.			
_	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume  2. Certified copies of the priority docume  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume  application from the International Bure	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been	Application No	ge			
	See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ist of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachmer	, ,	, <b>—</b>	O				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0er No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152	)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 On page 6, line 3, after "chemical vapor deposition", "CMP" should read "CVD".
 Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1, 8, 9 and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yu (6,087,235) in view of Deckert et al. (4,269,654; hereinafter, "Deckert").

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Regarding claims 1, 8, 9 and 15-19:

Yu discloses (in Figs. 4-6 and Col. 2, lines 35-61) a method for preventing the formation of a spacer undercut in SEG pre-clean process, comprising:

providing a semiconductor substrate 102;

forming a gate structure 204 on said semiconductor substrate;

forming a spacer of double-film structure on a side-wall of said gate structure, wherein said spacer comprises a first spacer 212 (of oxide, e.g., silicon dioxide) and a second spacer 210 (of silicon nitride), said first spacer being formed between said side-wall of said gate structure and said second spacer; and

forming a raised source/drain (214, 216) by selective epitaxial growth (SEG) on the surface of the semiconductor substrate after etching the first and second spacers.

Yu lacks specifying a process for forming the double-film structure, accordingly, Yu lacks removing a portion of a surface of said semiconductor substrate and etching said first spacer and said second spacer, wherein an etching rate of said second spacer is faster than an etching rate of said first spacer. Deckert teaches a process for etching a composite structure comprising silicon nitride and silicon oxide, wherein the etching is performed with an etching solution comprising HF diluted by ethylene glycol (HFEG) such that the silicon nitride can be etched faster than (or equally as fast as) the silicon oxide (note abstract, Col. 2, lines 17-24, and Col. 5, lines 31-33). Note that Deckert discloses that prior etching processes can leave undercuts because silicon oxide is etched much faster than silicon nitride (Col. 1, lines 35-49, note especially, line 48). Since Yu does not specify a process for etching the spacer materials or how the double-film spacer structure is formed without an undercut (as shown in Figs. 5-6), it would

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have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art modify Yu by utilizing an etching process/solution taught by Deckert because the HFEG solution would etch the silicon nitride (i.e., the second spacer) faster than the silicon oxide (i.e., the first spacer) such that an undercut will be prevented (as shown in Figs. 5-6 of Yu). It is noted that native oxide readily forms on a silicon substrate unless a dedicated process is performed to specifically prevent native oxide from forming during each step leading up to the formation of the spacer structure; therefore, a native oxide would obviously exist on the surface of the substrate, since Yu does not disclose any steps for preventing native oxide from forming on the substrate. Accordingly, an HFEG solution utilized by Yu (in view of Deckert) would remove native oxide on a surface of the substrate during the etching process for forming the double-film spacer structure. Therefore, the instant claims are held obvious over the cited references.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 5. Claims 2-7 and 10-14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. Claims 10-25 are allowable over the references of record.
- 7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

  Claims 2-7 and 10-14 would be allowable primarily because claims 2 and 10 require
  removing the portion of the substrate surface utilizing a DHF solution along with etching the first

and second spacers at "different" rates in order to prevent the formation of a spacer undercut (as required by the preamble).

Claims 10-25 are allowable primarily because claim 20 requires a combination of a first cleaning using DHF solution followed by a second cleaning using HFEG such that a spacer undercut is prevented. In other words, the DHF will form an undercut in the silicon dioxide (first spacer) but the HFEG would essentially eliminate the undercut by etching the silicon nitride (second spacer) faster than the silicon dioxide (the first spacer). Such a cleaning/etching process within a SEG process for forming a raised source/drain cannot be anticipated or render obvious by the references of record.

#### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The references listed on the attached Form PTO-892 (not cited above) are cited to show SEG processes, etching with DHF, etching with HFEG, etc.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lex Malsawma whose telephone number is 571-272-1903. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (6AM-2PM EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on 571-272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Lex Malsawma

August 8, 2004

MATTHEW SMITH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800